CONVENTION IN SESSION.

Miners and Operators of Massillon District Meeting.

"FLAT" AND "DUST" PROBLEMS

They are the Subjects for Discussion and Caused the Call of the Joint Convention—J. C. Haring Acting as Chairman of Committee Meetings

The miners of the Massillon district of the United Mine Workers of America are again in session today with the representatives of the operators of this district in an effort to settle the differences existing between the miners and operators over the flat car problem and the question of pay for loading and unloading "dust." This dust is the accumulation of the fine particles of coal which result from machine drilling and for which the miners claim they should be paid when called upon to load and unload it.

The flat car proposition is the main one so far as the miners and operators are concerned. This is the question which could not be settled at the state convention of United Mine Workers' officials in Columbus and which was therefore referred to the parties most directly interested, i. e., the miners and operators of the Massillon district.

Twenty-seven delegates from the various locals in the Massillon district responded to the call for the convention, and met Wednesday afternoon in the Trades and Labor Assembly hall. After determining upon their course of action, an executive committee was appointed to meet with the representatives of the operators. This meeting was held in the offices of the Massillon Coal Mining Company Wednesday evening, J. C. Haring acting as chairman of the joint committee meeting.

Both operators and miners seem to be working hard to bring about a mutually satisfactory settlement of both questions and the session today will be productive of results, it is expected.

The executive committee of the miners met with the operators at 10 o'clock Thursday morning and it is expected that some report will be made this afternoon. In the meantime the delegates to the convention are remaining in the city to respond to any call from their president, Robert Legg.

The joint conference of miners and operators of the Massillon district, United Mine Workers of America, adjourned Thursday evening after having reached an agreement which must first meet with the approval of the various locals throughout the district before it can be made public. It is understood, however, that the agreement in a measure dispenses with the rule governing the flat car proposition now in effect. As a matter of fact it was agreed both by operators and miners that the present rule works to the disadvantage of many miners and many mine owners and works no particular advantage to the others. The call of the miners to the mines by the usual custom of blowing the whistle on the evening preceding, if followed out conscientiously by the mine boss, will overcome the difficulty. The exact agreement reached was not made public.

Concerning the question of "dust," it was jointly agreed that the operators should resume payment for this material at the old rate of 10⅝ cents, the price to continue in effect until the expiration of the present joint wage scale agreement. The operators had refused to pay this price in some of the mines and one mine at Greenville had shut down work as a result. To avoid further differences of a similar nature it was agreed that the old rate should be in effect again.

The funeral question is one which occupied the attention of both sides in the conference for some time. The miners are desirous of having the mines closed in the event of the death of a miner. The proposed solution of this question will be submitted to the locals of the district before being made public.

After President Legg has heard from every local in the district another session of the conference will probably be called.

No need to fear sudden attacks of cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea, summer complaint of any sort if you have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the medicine chest.

Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

MRS. UNDERHILL'S DEATH.

A Well Known Canton Resident Passed Away Friday.

Canton, Sept. 1.—Mrs. Henrietta Tonner Underhill, wife of Arthur J. Underhill, died at the family residence, 2904 West Tuscarawas street, at 4:15 o'clock Friday morning, after an illness dating for several months. Mrs. Underhill, who was well known in Canton social circles, was born January 31, 1846, in Bellefontaine, Pa., she being a daughter of John and Lydia Tonner, who for many years before their death resided in South Cleveland avenue. She came to Canton with her parents about the year 1864, and she was married to Arthur J Underhill November 21, 1873, Dr. Miller, pastor of the First Methodist church, performing the ceremony. In 1882 Mr. and Mrs. Underhill moved to Ely, Nev., where they remained for eight years, after which they returned to Canton to make their future home. Besides her husband, Mrs. Underhill leaves one son, Arthur Underhill, and the following brother and sisters: T. Clark Tonner, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Henry P. Harris, Bellefontaine, Pa.; Mrs. James Brisbin, West Medford, Mass.; Mrs. James H. McLain, Massillon; Mrs. Charles A. Daugherty, Canton.

The funeral will take place from the home Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, the burial taking place at Westlawn cemetery. The Rev. O. N. Holmes, pastor of the First Methodist church, will officiate.

FEVER CLAIMED MISS KIRKLAND

Household Saddened by Death of Only Child.

BORN AND REARED IN THE CITY.

Miss Kirkland was Ill Two Weeks With Typhoid Fever and Died at 12:30 O'clock Friday Morning—The Time of Funeral Not Announced.

Miss Helen Kirkland, the only child of Dr. William H. Kirkland, died at the family home, corner of North and High streets, of typhoid fever at 12:30 o'clock Friday morning after a two weeks' illness. Miss Kirkland returned from Cleveland a few weeks ago and complained of illness soon after, but her illness did not take a serious form until some time later. She was able to be about the house until August 17, when she went to bed. Since that time every attention was given by her father and other physicians, both in Massillon and Canton.

Since last Sunday her condition had been especially serious as she had a sinking spell during Sunday morning from which she rallied with difficulty. She battled strongly for victory with alternate hopes and fears, but the disease gradually claimed a stronger hold upon her weakened condition and when a sinking spell was noticed Thursday afternoon, the gravest fears were entertained. She sank rapidly from evening to midnight.

Miss Kirkland was the daughter of Dr. Kirkland and the late Mrs. Helen Neall Kirkland and was born in Massillon June 28, 1882, being at the time of her death 23 years, 2 months and 4 days old. She passed through all the grades of the public schools and graduated from the high school with the class of 1900. Her mother died three years ago on May 1. The members of the household, which is now sorrowing for the loss of one whose cheerfulness made all things bright, consists of Dr. Kirkland and the deceased's two aunts, the Misses Fanny and Josephine Neall. The news of Miss Kirkland's death caused widespread sorrow.

TWO FIRES LIGHTED.

Preparation for the Season at Reed's Glass Factory.

Fires were lighted in furnaces No. 1 and 2 of the Reed & Company's plant of the American Bottle Company Thursday and in about ten days the furnaces will be ready for the blowers. The order to start the fires came from the head offices in Newark the day previous. These two furnaces are the largest in the city and will give employment to nearly two hundred persons, including blowers and helpers.

No time has been announced for the starting of the third furnace in the Reed & Company plant nor the furnaces in the Pocock factory, which is also a part of the American Bottle Company.

NEXT REUNION TO BE IN MASSILLON

J. W. McClymonds, Pres.; T. H. Seaman, Sec'y.

THE FIRST CALL TROOPS.

The Nineteenth Annual Reunion was Held in Akron and Several Veterans Attended from This City.

As was briefly mentioned in Thursday's Independent, J. W. McClymonds was chosen president and T. Harvey Seaman secretary of the organization known as Lincoln's First Call Troops, which met in annual reunion in Akron Wednesday and Thursday. Massillon was chosen as the next place of meeting, the time to be decided upon by the executive committee. The reunion will take place either during the last week in August or the first week in September. J. C. Milligan, of Coshocton, was chosen secretary and vice presidents were elected as follows: E. J. Platt, Coshocton; John Fitch, Holmes county; T. T. Dill, Mansfield; J. A. Myers, Richland; A. Brownstetter, Navarre; G. H. Playford, Zanesville; Joshua Long, Trumbull county; Ensign Linor, Canton; David Cay, Cleveland; Stewart Miller, Akron William Ausburg, Ashland; M. A. Ricksecker, Galion; T. S. Curran, Norwalk; B. W. Wilson, Uhrichsville; Captain A. S. Scott, Delaware; the Rev. A. Miller, North Jackson, O.

The nineteenth annual reunion opened Wednesday night. Mayor Kemple welcomed the veterans and Dr. I. A. Meyers, of Shelby, made the response.

Judge R. M. Voorhees, of Coshocton, in his speech objected to confusing the members of the organization with "Ninety Days' Men" known as the "Squirrel Hunters." He said:

"As a people, generally, we are familiar to the term reunion as it is used in connection with military organizations. Yet there is a misconception of the term as applied to the reunion of First Call Troops in the war of 1861. We were the first in the war of the Union, we can afford to be the last in peace. If there is anything in local organization or association fit to, or that will affect the minds and hearts of men, we have it here. We are not called upon to fix an uncertain date in our history, or to bring into notice an obscure or unknown event. If our organization had never been conceived, the first soldiers of the Union, and pioneers in the conflict which saved the nation's life would always be a body of men whom all lovers of free government would delight to honor, and on whom all history would throw its brightest light.

"But, my friends, the honor and distinction we enjoy as the first volunteers are in a degree reflective, being an honor which is thrown back upon us by the mirror of brilliant achievements accomplished by those who served at a later date. If the three months' men had succeeded in accomplishing all that President Lincoln contemplated in his proclamation, there would be little to rejoice over today. And so far as history is concerned we would stand no higher or have no greater claims for recognition than the soldiers who suppressed the whisky insurrection in Pennsylvania.

"The First Call Troops were the last to organize. Twenty years after the war the first meeting was held at Dresden [illegible] annual meetings have been held since."

Throughout his address Judge Voorhees paid a splendid tribute to the men who were the first volunteers. Then he took up present conditions. "There is no greater evil to the safety of the republican form of government than the corrupting of the ballot. Whatever assaults the ballot strikes at the constitution. The safety of our government as of all popular government rests with the common people. The common people established the government, saved it from destruction and ruin in the late war, and its preservation must remain in their hands."

The annual campfire was an exceedingly pleasant occasion and many notable addresses were given. The business session resulted as given above.

There will probably be over one hundred veterans in Massillon next year to attend the reunion and local members of the organization will see that Massillon's reputation for hospitality will not go by default.

"Now good digestion waits on appetite, and health on both."
If it doesn't, try Burdock Blood Bitters.

Read the "want" columns daily

A WORD FOR NIAGARA.

Stark County Teachers Register a Protest.

Canton, Sept. 2.—In letters to President Roosevelt and the governor general of Canada, four hundred and seventy-five Stark county teachers will register their protest against the destruction of Niagara Falls. A resolution by Superintendent C. L. Cronebaugh, of the Massillon schools, directing the president and secretary to prepare such communications was passed Friday morning, without a single dissenting vote, by the teachers' institute.

The action was prompted by remarks of Dr. Blaisdell, who, in the course of his address, referred to the numerous protests that are being received daily by the president, as a result of a movement to save the beauties of this wonderful creation of nature.

REPORT MADE TO THE AUDITOR.

Board of Review Has Completed Its Work.

AN INCREASE IN VALUATIONS.

$63,530 was Added to the Personal Property Valuation, Making a Total of $858,357 —Real Estate Valuation is $5,500,000.

After sixty days of service, the board of review finished its labors Friday and made its report to County Auditor Oberlin. The board did more readjusting of values this year than has been done by any former equalizing board and increased the total personal property valuation in the city by the addition of $63,530. The total valuation of real estate in the city is $5,500,000. The total personal property valuation as given by the assessors and added to by the board is $858,357.

The additions in valuation made by the board are as follows: First ward, structures $7,070, lands $1,950, personal $21,110, second ward, structures $11,230, lands $3,645, personal $10,805; third ward, structures $4,825, lands $840, personal $19,465, fourth ward, structures $3,366, lands $4,650, personal $12,380.

Reductions were made as follows: First ward, structures $1,210, personal $100; second ward, structures $2,005, personal $200; third ward, structures $685, lands $660; fourth ward, structures $980, personal $200.

This gives the following net gains: First ward $28,790, second ward $23,475, third ward $24,225, fourth ward $17,610.

The gains from another standpoint are as follows: Structures $21,775, lands $8,830, personal $63,530.

The assessors' reports concerning the valuation of personal property showed the following returns: First ward $301,033, second ward $84,180, third ward $209,410, fourth ward $196,901; total $794,827.

The total valuation of property in the city, both real and personal, as gained from these figures, is $6,358,357.

FARMERS' PICNIC.

Stark County Agriculturists' Outing at Meyer's Lake.

Stark county farmers and their families enjoyed the annual picnic of the county association at Meyer's lake, Thursday. Many of the picnickers did not arrive on the grounds until after the noon hour, when the programme which the committee in charge had arranged was opened.

The association was addressed by Attorneys J. J. Grant and J. A. Rice, and R. A. Cassidy. The New Berlin band furnished music throughout the afternoon.

THEIR ANNUAL OUTING.

Massillon Bartenders Had a Big Time Friday.

The Massillon bartenders had excellent weather and one of the most enjoyable picnics ever planned at Turkeyfoot lake on Friday. They returned to Massillon Friday evening at 8:30 in excellent spirits. During the day a tug-of-war, base ball game, foot races, jumping contest and boat race furnished excitement. A boat ride in the two launches at the lake, swimming and concerts by the Massillon band served to entertain the picnickers during the remainder of the day. Everybody was happy. Not an accident marred the day's sport and the return trip was safely made.

WOKE UP IN A STRANGE BED.

No Ceiling or Covers, Only Sky, Dew and Grass.

EXPERIENCE OF JOHN SMITH.

Wandered Away from City Friday Night in His Sleep and Disrobed in the Fields West of Town—Left His Clothes There and is Today Offering a Reward for His Watch.

Anybody finding a coat, hat, shoes, stockings, shirt, collar, tie and gold watch in the fields west of the city, or on the highway thereabouts, is requested to retrun the same to John Smith, employed at Tom Farrell's liquid dispensing establishment in East Main street.

John went to the bartenders' picnic at Turkeyfoot lake on Friday. He returned to Massillon Friday evening at about 8:30 o'clock, was unloaded at the square and, it is said, started for home. John did not know the exact particulars of what followed until he awoke at midnight. He looked overhead for the ceiling of his room. Instead he saw the sky and little stars peeping down at him. A branch from a lonesome oak waved over his head. He turned over and reached up to adjust his pillow and his hands encountered only long tufts of grass, wet with dew. Suddenly he realized that he was cold. His teeth were chattering. Chills had seized him and he reached down to pull up the covers to his bed. But there were none.

Startled, John sat bolt upright. In the distance he could see the twinkle of electric lights. All about him it was pitch dark, with here and there the ghostlike form of a tree reaching out its branches. He quickly realized his predicament, and with a shudder he scampered towards the light.

A short time later Joseph Ehret, living in West Main street, saw a ghost-like form come out of the darkness. He waited and the figure finally took the form of John Smith, barefooted, without coat, hat, shirt or collar, and making for town. Mr. Ehret stopped him, and hitching up his horse drove him home.

A thorough search of the fields near where John is supposed to have gone to sleep has already been made by his friends, but not a trace of the missing wearing apparel can be found. The watch is a valuable one, and Mr. Smith, who is well known to a large circle of friends, is very desirous of locating it. Anyone finding it will be rewarded by returning it to the popular chef at Tom Farrell's saloon.

It is supposed that Mr. Smith grew confused as a result of the long ride from Turkeyfoot lake and wandered out of town while in his sleep. His act of disrobing in the field would bear out this supposition and his friends have accepted this explanation as they know that he does not drink.

MANIAC AT LARGE.

Sheriff and Posse Hunting Him at Lorain.

Lorain, O., Sept. 2.—A sheriff and posse are searching for Peter Pitts, an alleged maniac who has been terrorizing people for several days and who is heavily armed. He is reported surrounded in a corn field. It is said that he tried to wreck a car on the electric line and shot at women and children. Pitts fired two shots at himself and died just as the posse came to him

A FLOOD AT SHANGHAI.

City Visited by a Typhoon Last Night.

Shanghai, Sept. 2.—Shanghai was visited by a typhoon last night and this morning the entire city is flooded, the water rising to a height of three feet. This is the first flood which has occurred here within the last fifty years.

TWO DEAD AT MANILA.

Washington, Sept. 2.—The adjutant general of the division in the Philippines reported by cablegram today two deaths among the troops from cholera. They are Thomas Osborn, of the Eighth cavalry, and William C. Guyer, of the Fifth field battery.

Diphtheria, sore throat, croup. Instant relief, permanent cure. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

WILL VISIT ORRVILLE.

Eastern Stars Accepted Invitation from Orrville Lodge

At a meeting of Hadassah chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, held in the Masonic hall Friday evening, it was decided that the local order should accept the invitation of the Orrville order to visit that city Friday evening of next week. The members of the local order will leave here on the 5:12 p. m. Pennsylvania train and returning will reach here at 2:15 a. m. Saturday morning. All arrangements have been made for the trip.

TRANSFER WILL BE MADE SOON

Superintendent Waite Will Go to Newark Factories.

GLASS BLOWERS INTERESTED.

Announcement That the Popular Superintendent of Reed & Company's Plant Would be Transferred to Newark a Blow to Workers—Lawrence Kerrigan to Succeed Him,

The announcement that a change would be made in the management at Reed & Company's glass factory reached the blowers in this city as a severe blow, especially that part relative to the promotion of Harry S. Waite to the general superintendency of the big plant at Newark, O.

The change is a decided promotion for Mr. Waite, but strange to say the Massillon man is not favorably impressed with the transfer. Mr. Waite has been superintendent of Reed & Company's plant in this city for a number of years and holds the highest good will of the local blowers who are employed under him. He regrets exceedingly the fact that he will be forced to give up his home here and leave his numerous friends. This change will be made within the next two weeks. The local officials want to keep Mr. Waite here until the Reed & Company plant opens.

The Newark plant is one of the largest in the country and Mr. Waite can be congratulated upon his good fortune in securing the position there. The salary is much larger, and of course the responsibilities are greater. Fourteen hundred men are employed at the Newark plant over which Mr. Waite will have charge. All varieties of ware are manufactured, from two ounce product to large carboys.

Lawrence Kerrigan, who for the past few years has been superintendent of the Pocock glass factory, will be asked to succeed Mr. Waite as superintendent at Reed's. Mr. Kerrigan will in all probability accept as both factories are already under the control of the American Glass Bottle Company. Mr. Kerrigan is liked by the men at Pocock's with whom he has been associated for years, and is expected to meet similar success at Reed's.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

Christian Endeavor Convention Closed Friday Night.

The last session of the Stark County Christian Endeavor Union was held in the Christian church Friday evening. The next convention will be held in Canton August 25 and 26. The following officers were elected:

President, Earl Casper, Canton.

Vice president, Albert Davis, Massillon.

Secretary, Miss Frances Everhart, Alliance.

Assistant secretary, Miss Clara Schneider, Canton.

Junior superintendent, Miss Flora Pearson, Alliance; assistant, Miss Grace Corl, Navarre

Superintendent missionary extension, Miss Ada Buttermore, North Lawrence.

Superintendent christian citizenship, the Rev. R. R. Bigger, Massillon.

Press superintendent, Miss Victoria Boyer, Canton.

A set of resolutions was adopted which criticised the action of Governor Herrick, urged the members of the union to work harder in their cause, to take more interest in local elections, and recommitted to local societies a petition to be sent to the next general assembly praying for the enforcement of a law giving to women, who may vote at school elections, the right to vote at local option elections.

The convention was brought to a close with devotional exercises and a praise service

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Both Telephones No. 60.

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Daily Founded in 1887.
Semi-Weekly Founded in 1896.

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MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Entered at Massillon postoffice as second-class matter.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1905

REPUBLICAN TICKETS.

For Governor,
MYRON T. HERRICK,
of Cleveland.
For Lieutenant Governor,
ANDREW L. HARRIS,
of Eaton.
For Judge of the Supreme Court,
WILLIAM C. DAVIS,
of Marion.
For Attorney General,
WADE H. ELLIS,
of Cincinnati.
For State Treasurer,
W. S. McKINNON,
of Ashtabula.
For Member of Board of Public Works,
WILLIAM KIRTLEY,
of Defiance.
For Common Pleas Judge,
(Ninth Judicial District)
RALPH S. AMBLER.
For State Senator,
ROBERT A. POLLOCK.
For State Representatives,
FRANK A. BOILES,
JAMES A. WELKER.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Probate Judge,
CHARLES C. BOW.
For Prosecuting Attorney,
CHARLES C. UPHAM.
For Treasurer,
HARRY C. KNOBLOCH.
For Sheriff,
R. FRANK WILSON.
For Commissioner,
JAMES C. BURNHEIMER.
For Coroner,
DR. HARRY A. MARCH.
For Infirmary Director,
ISAAC H. SMITH.

The more developments leading up to the decisive results attained at Portsmouth are analyzed the more clear does it become that the important part played by President Roosevelt has not been overestimated. It is made clear that not once, but twice, did the President save the conference from ending in failure. He called a halt in the proceedings while he communicated with the czar. This move having failed, he again stayed the business of the conference while he appealed with signal success to the mikado and the elder statesmen which surround him.

As was noted in Thursday's dispatches, the subway tavern, commonly known as Bishop Potter's tavern because he attended the opening a couple of years ago and praised the methods proposed for its conduct, has been abandoned as a semi-religious enterprise. The concern has turned its effects over to W. A. Skidmore, who for the last three months has been in charge of the restaurant. He announces that he will conduct the place according to the traditional saloon methods and with a distinct idea to gaining profits. "You can not follow the Lord and chase the devil at the same time," was Skidmore's terse comment upon the way in which the tavern was conducted. The church cannot expect to draw men up to a higher plane of life and thought by descending to the lower level itself, might be another way of putting it.

Lewis M. Haupt contributes an article to the September number of the North American Review in which he sets forth "The Urgent Need of Waterway Legislation." One of the most essential conditions to trade is ease and cheapness of transportation, and the cheapest transportation is transportation by water. There are a great number of places in the country where, by deepening the rivers or constructing canals, important industries might be created or developed. Because of the many demands upon it, the federal government cannot provide the means for such operations, and it is extremely desirable that the way should be opened for the doing of those things by the localities interested in them at their own expense. This, judging by universal experience, would not injure the interests of the railways; it would rather tend to increase their business. Says Mr. Haupt:

As an illustration, it may be said that the Pittsburg district has been knocking at the doors of congress for the past decade for a national charter, for the construction of a canal between the Ohio river and Lake Erie, but to no purpose. This canal would save on the ore used in this section over $5,000,000; on coke, the saving would be over $1,500,000; on coal used in the district, $5,000,000, and outside of the district, $7,000,000; that is to say, on these few items of low grade, about $18,000,000 a year would be saved to consumers, without reducing the wage scale one iota. Although the locality is not asking for aid from the national treasury, but simply for recognition and confirmation of authority already granted by the states interested, that recognition and confirmation are withheld because of the urgent demands for legislation in other directions.

Want column ads. pay. Try it.

ROASTED TO DEATH.

Boy Pours Gasoline on Another's Clothes and Sets Them on Fire.

Hannibal, Mo., Sept. 2.—Charles Christian, the 11-year-old son of Leo Christian, was roasted alive on Union street here by another boy named McLain, who dashed a can of gasoline over the clothes of young Christian and then applied a lighted match.

Christian was playing on the street with several other boys when McLain walked up swinging a can. He approached and told Christian he was going to roast him alive. The boy thought that McLain was joking, and paid no attention to him.

McLain went into a store nearby and bought a can of gasoline, came back to the place where Christian was playing, and unscrewing the cap of the can he rushed upon Christian and drenched him from head to foot with the gasoline. Christian started to run and McLain followed. He caught the little fellow and, lighting a match, applied it to Christian's trousers, which were thoroughly soaked with the fluid.

Instantly the boy was enveloped in flames. He was immediately overcome and fell to the ground screaming in agony and fighting at the flames, which blazed around his head as he rolled in the street. Many persons ran hastily to the scene when they saw the flames.

Rolling the boy in coats and other garments they quickly extinguished the flames. Every stitch of clothing was burned from young Christian's back by the blazing gasoline, and he was literally roasted alive.

[illegible] was arrested. He offers no explanation for the deed, [illegible] that he is men[illegible] is not a degenerate.

PRIZES FOR ARCHITECTS.

Plans for Hague Peace Palace Asked by Carnegie Foundation.

New York, Sept. 2.—About $15,000 in prizes and the honor of being one of the five architects who plan the [illegible] palace for use of the permanent court of arbitration at The Hague has been offered to the architects of all nations in a prospectus issued by the Carnegie foundation. This invitation was made to secure the ideas of many minds as to the most fitting edifice in which to house the tribunal which it is hoped will make war unnecessary.

The five most successful architects will receive prizes, the largest of which is for 12,000 guilders, a sum of money slightly less than $5,000. In addition to their open offer to the world the directors of the Carnegie foundation, which will become the owner of the five prize plans, has also issued a special invitation to certain eminent architects from each of the principal countries of the world requesting them to join the competition.

APPLICANTS EXAMINED.

Dr. Patterson Begins Work of Selecting State Police.

Harrisburg, Sept. 2.—Dr. Francis D. Patterson of Philadelphia has begun to examine applicants for positions upon the state police at the headquarters in Harrisburg. Fifteen minutes are consumed in examining each applicant, and Dr. Patterson does not expect to complete the work until tomorrow evening.

After he is through here the doctor will go to Lewistown and be there for two days. Thence he will proceed to Pittsburg, stopping at Johnstown and Greensburg. After his work in the western counties is finished he will come across the northern tier and stop at Williamsport, Wilkesbarre and Sunbury.

FUSION IN OLD PHILA.

City Party and Democrats to Names County Ticket.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—The City party, a political reform organization, has issued a call for a county convention to be held on September 20 for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for sheriff, coroner and county commissioners in oppositon to the nomination for those offices made by the Republican organization.

The Democrats have not yet held their convention. Democratic Chairman Donnelly has announced his willingness to aid the reform movement, and an effort will probably be made to unite on a single ticket in opposition to the Republican nominees.

Dog Causes Spill.

Cincinnati, Sept. 2.—A dog running across the track at Latonia as the horses were turning into the stretch in the last race came near causing a fatal accident. Dr. Keith, with J. Hicks up, went down, and Henry Morn, with L. Williams in the saddle, stumbled over him. Both boys escaped injury.

Youngstown Pioneer Dead.

Youngstown, O, Sept. 2.—Thomas H. Wells, age 91, a pioneer coal and iron operator, is dead here. He was a member of the engineering corps which was in charge of the first section of the Pennsylvania railroad. He was born in Dublin and died a millionaire.

Egypt Expedition Succeeds.

London, Sept. 2.—Prof William Hussey of the Lick observatory expedition cables to the Associated Press from Assouan, Egypt, that the expedition executed its eclipse program as planned.

President Takes Seat.

Guayaquil, Ecuador, Sept. 2.—Senor Lisardo Garcia, who was elected president of Ecuador January 11, has assumed the presidency.

A LATER INAUGURATION

Fourth of March Too Early to Be Seasonable.

GOVERNORS ENLISTED IN WORK.

Committee Composed of Chief Executives of States and Other Distinguished People to Meet In Washington Before Convening of Congress—Date to Be Made April 30.

Governors of forty-one states have already joined the movement to postpone the presidential inauguration after 1909 from March 4 to a later and better date, probably April 30, and the national committee on the proposed change is arranging to meet in Washington in November, just before congress convenes.

P. B. F. Macfarland, commissioner of the District of Columbia and chairman of the national committee, has been in correspondence ever since March 4 last with the governors of states and territories who, with fifteen residents of the District of Columbia, were asked to serve as members of the national committee. He has up to date secured the consent of forty-one governors of the states and territories to serve on the committee and expects that several others will accept this service before the meeting in the fall.

Inevitable delays occur in such correspondence, but the response has been in general so prompt and hearty as to indicate a strong interest in the movement all over the country for a change of inauguration day. All the governors who accepted service expressed approval of the proposition, and some of them are especially emphatic in doing so. This indicates that they are prepared to bring the matter before the people and the legislatures of their states in a favorable light, as well as to lend their influence to the operations of the national committee.

The chief function of that committee is to present the matter to congress in such a way as to secure favorable action. An amendment to the constitution is necessary, and a joint resolution for that purpose will be drafted and introduced at the opening of the next session. The senate has twice passed such a resolution unanimously, and it is believed that its chances in the house will be better next session than heretofore.

The death of Senator Bate of Tennessee, followed by that of Ambassador Azpiroz and that of Judge Weldon of the court of claims in consequence of exposure on March 4 last, has made a deeper impression as to the dangers of the present inauguration date.

A number of the governors have been members of the committee since 1902, while a number of others have become governors since then and are new to the committee. The list is as follows:

William D. Jelks, Alabama; George C. Pardee, California; Jesse F. McDonald, Colorado; Henry Roberts, Connecticut; Preston Lea, Delaware; N. B. Broward, Florida; Joseph M. Terrell, Georgia; F. R. Gooding, Idaho; Charles S. Deneen, Illinois; J. Frank Hanly, Indiana; Albert B. Cummins, Iowa; E. W. Hoch, Kansas; J. C. W. Beckham, Kentucky; N. C. Blanchard, Louisiana; William T. Cobb, Maine; Edward Warfield, Maryland; John A. Johnson, Minnesota; Joseph W. Folk, Missouri; J. K. Toole, Montana; John H. Mickey, Nebraska; John McLane, New Hampshire; Edwin C. Stokes, New Jersey; Frank W. Higgins, New York; Robert B. Glenn, North Carolina; E. Y. Searles, North Dakota; Myron T. Herrick, Ohio; George H. Chamberlain, Oregon; Samuel W. Pennypacker, Pennsylvania; G. H. Utter, Rhode Island; S. H. Elrod, South Dakota; J. I. Cox, Tennessee; John O. Cutler, Utah; C. J. Bell, Vermont; Andrew J. Montague, Virginia; A. E. Mead, Washington; W. M. O. Dawson, West Virginia; R. M. La Follette, Wisconsin; John B. Brady, Alaska; Joseph H. Kibbey, Arizona; Miguel A. Otero, New Mexico; Thomas B. Ferguson, Oklahoma.

Two vacancies in the list of fifteen residents of the District of Columbia have been filled by the appointment of General John M. Wilson, chairman of the last inauguration committee, and John F. Wilkins. The other district members of the national committee are Henry B. F. Macfarland, permanent chairman; James L. Norris, permanent secretary; Thomas W. Smith, John W. Foster, Admiral George Dewey, General Nelson A. Miles, C. J. Bell, S. W. Woodward, C. C. Glover, Frank A. Munsey, John Joy Edson, Theodore W. Noyes and Justice John M. Harlan.

Big Ear of Corn From Kansas.

M. T. Daniels, a farmer and stockman of Wamego, Kan., who went to Kansas City recently to look over the live stock market, brought an ear of corn from his fields that measured ten inches long and eight and one-half inches in circumference, says the Kansas City Star. There were 1,232 grains on the ear, 22 grains around by 56 grains in length. From butt to tip none of the cob was exposed. The ear weighed one pound ten and one-half ounces. The variety is known as the Mammoth White and cost Daniels $3 a bushel for seeding.

Secretary Shaw as Cabbie.

When Secretary Shaw arrived at his old home at Dennison, Ia., where he was to speak at a farmers' day celebration one day recently, he found a cab at the depot to meet him, but with the cabman slumbering peacefully on the back seat. Unwilling to awake the weary Jehu, the secretary mounted the box and drove himself to the home of Eugene Gulick, a brother-in-law. Here he awakened the astonished cabby and dismissed him with more than the usual fee.

USED BRYAN'S UNDERSHIRT.

Housewife Made a Potato Strainer of Nebraskan's Nether Garment.

When William Jennings Bryan, twice Democratic nominee for the presidency of the United States, appeared at the Cheek (Wis.) Chautauqua a year ago, he was entertained at the summer cottage of Eau Claire's ex-mayor, W. H. Frawley.

The day was stifling hot. Mr. Bryan had just completed a two hour talk and finished shaking hands with several thousand people. Perspiration poured down his face. His collar was wilted and his clothing clung to him as wet as though he had been soused in the lake. He was rowing over to the Frawley cottage. Arriving there, the great Nebraskan said to his host and friend:

"Bill, I would like to change my undershirt!"

He was ushered into the guest's chamber, where the change was made. Mr. Frawley took the damp garment just discarded by the orator to the kitchen, where he hung it on the steel towel rod which projects from the range.

Several prominent ladies present assisted the hostess to prepare the sumptuous dinner, already a trifle late.

"The potatoes are done," said one lady, poking a fork into the murphies in the pot.

"I'll drain them," said Mrs. Frawley.

The regular draining utensil had not been brought into camp.

"Take a tea towel," said one.

The hostess grabbed in the general direction of the steel towel rod projecting from the range.

Something white and soft came.

Another crash and the pot of potatoes was on the way to the back door.

In a minute the potatoes were drained as potatoes were never drained before.

The operation just completed, Mrs. Frawley's eye caught for the first time the familiar red mark.

"Oh! oh! oh!" she cried.

The other ladies rushed to her assistance, fearing she had scalded herself.

"What's the matter? What's the matter?" they asked.

"Oh, girls, I've strained the potatoes in Bryan's shirt!" said the hostess, ready to collapse.

And sure enough she had.

LEARNING FROM JAPAN.

An Estimate of Her Contribution to the Art of War.

Japan stands acknowledged as the little schoolmaster of the world as to military science, says the Milwaukee Journal.

Even Germany, the drill sergeant of Europe, is taking lessons. Our officers at Washington admit that as to many things we are as far behind the Japs as the Spaniards are behind us.

For instance, our military men could not understand how the little brown man got over so much ground.

Well, his gun is lighter, for one thing, and all his metal harness—buckles, canteen, cup, etc.—is made of aluminium. His load is so light that he can carry a pick and shovel also.

That's new!

The Jap fights under cover of earth and this is the way it is done: The first line of skirmishers dig shallow trenches. The second line occupies them and moves forward. The third line digs them still deeper and the fourth completes them. Cross trenches also lead back to each line. And so the Japanese army—skirmishers, wagons, reserves, hospital corps—moves on its belly, therefore the light mortality.

And these are the tactics of the trenches. The shrewd Japs evacuate the first line, inviting the big Russians on. The Russian thinks victory. He finds Gatling guns and reserves on the last line and is cut down in his pride. Besides, the Jap never fires blindly. No order is given to fire until the range finders get the distance.

All this is a distinctly new contribution to the art of war, just as the superb work of the medical corps is new and, as George Kennan has shown us, as the siege methods at Port Arthur were new. It goes without saying that the admirals of the nations can learn a great deal about how to fight ships from Togo.

And these are the people who we were told were nothing but "imitators!"

The Kaiser's Revolver.

An incident which occurred at the moment in which the kaiser and the czar recently met on board the Russian imperial yacht Polar Star has leaked out, although every effort has been made to keep it secret, says the Copenhagen correspondent of the London Globe. As the monarchs met, the revolver which the German emperor always carries and which never leaves him slipped from his belt and fell on the deck with a crash. The czar was startled and the kaiser explained at once that he carries the revolver so that he may be armed in case he is attacked. A thought reader predicted some time ago that the kaiser runs the danger of being killed by a bullet fired by an anarchist and he cannot help being somewhat superstitious.

Hen's Nest In a Tree.

A hen owned by Mrs. George Earle of Parliaman's Corners, near Middletown, N. Y., recently distinguished herself and brought fame to her owner by building a nest in the branches of a high tree, laying thirteen eggs in it and hatching thirteen chickens, which she brought safely to the ground without assistance, says a Middletown special to the New York World. The hen, which is a cross between a Leghorn and a Dominick, constructed her nest of grass and small sticks, which she transported to the tree in her bill, like a crow.

KNABENSHUE IN FLIGHT

Daring Aeronaut Not Afraid While In the Air.

STRONG MAN OF STEEL NERVES.

Young Toledo Aeronaut Says He Feels as Safe In the Air as on the Ground—Has to Know Just Where to Shift His Weight to Balance His Airship, Which Goes In Any Direction Excepting In a Gale.

"When I am up in the air sailing in my ship I feel just as confident and safe as when I am walking on the earth," said A. Roy Knabenshue, the young Toledo aeronaut, the other morning as he carefully threaded his fingers around the huge silk bag that had safely carried him around New York city in a flight on the previous afternoon. "My ship can go into the air in any direction unless there is a gale blowing."

That statement was proved when the daring young aeronaut sent his airship from the vacant lot at Sixty-second street and Central Park West to the Flatiron building and back, to the great astonishment of thousands of persons who lined the streets and gazed into the air for more than an hour, says the New York Globe. Scores of persons had heard that the ship was to appear shortly after 2 o'clock, and they obtained positions from which to watch the flight to advantage.

Knabenshue's car is so light and flimsy of construction that the first idea is that it could not sustain a man's weight. It does not weigh more than fifty pounds, exclusive of the engine.

A structure made of the thinnest of wood is suspended from the gas bag and upon this the young inventor trusts his life. The skeleton is made of spruce scantlings, held together by little bolts, none of which is more than an eighth of an inch thick.

The frame is fashioned after the shape of a triangle, the extreme length of it being an ellipse, sharply pointed at the ends. Criss crossed from the scantlings at equal distances of about a foot are thin steel wires that hold the frame scantlings in shape and support the engine and the man who operates the machine.

The machine when in flight presents a fascinating and picturesque appearance. The huge gas bag is almost transparent, and when the sun shines on it it has much the appearance of the sail of a first class yacht at sea. Below the bag hangs the frame on which the inventor sits and guides the ship and runs the small engine which operates a propeller at one end.

This propeller is the only visible moving thing on the car. The aeronaut is but a speck in the air, and if it was not known that there was a man on the frame it would take the hardest kind of persuasion to convince any one that there was.

Knabenshue himself is a man of twenty-eight. He is thin and strong and with nerves of steel. He weighs but 140 pounds, stands five feet seven inches, is of dark complexion and has a clear eye. This spareness of limb and flesh makes him best fitted for the task that he has undertaken, for every pound of flesh that he carriers means a corresponding loss of weight that must be taken from the strength of his engines or to the structure to which he clings.

This 140 pounds of Knabenshue is so much ballast for his ship. If a heavy current of air hits his ship unexpectedly fore, aft or on the side he must know where to stand upon the web of scantling and wires. He must skip about, throwing his weight at the right moment to the right place and bringing his ship to the right angle of equilibrium. If his judgment errs death probably will be his fate.

Knabenshue comes from good stock. His father is now the American consul at Belfast, Ireland. Knabenshue, Sr., was at one time editor of a Toledo newspaper, and it was there that the son achieved his greatest victories over the winds. Like a pilot of the seas, Knabenshue knows the currents of the air. This is as essential to a proper sailing of an airship as it is to the man who holds the wheel on the greatest ocean grayhound.

It takes fifteen hours to inflate the airship bag. Hundreds of little bags filled with sand hold the inflated bag in readiness for the adjusting of the framework when the ship is being made ready for flight.

Great Fire In London Predicted.

"Within the next few years, I tell you, there will be another great fire, attended by loss of life, in the city of London." This is the prophecy which Edward Atkinson made to one of the representatives of the St. James Gazette. As regards the mechanical appliances employed by the London fire brigade Mr. Atkinson gave it as his opinion that we are far behind the United States. "Your appliances are mere toys," he remarked. "I read of your having an engine which can throw a jet of 500 gallons a minute, but that is not enough. I have not seen a single standpipe in any street here. In America the standpipe runs to the highest floor of the loftiest building and is so constructed that the engine on its arrival can be connected without a minute's delay. No hose is needed, and water is thrown on to every floor. We do not have, as you do, a few such jets of water thrown from the ground level."

No More Bows In China's Army.

An imperial edict in China abolishes bow and arrow from the army. All the soldiers are to be armed with the most modern weapons.

UNIQUE CHAPELS.

Feature of Cathedral of St. John Without Ecclesiastical Precedent.

It is planned to make the new Cathedral of St. John the Divine, now in process of erection at Morningside Heights, New York, a church representative on American soil of all the nations that have contributed their people to the upbuilding of the United States. The plan for extending in a single great edifice opportunities for foreign born worshipers of many modes of speech to attend services conducted in their native tongues is entirely without precedent in ecclesiastical annals.

That such opportunities may exist the trustees of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine have made the seven chapels of the church national sanctuaries where alien Christians may worship in their own languages. One has been completed already and is popularly called the Belmont chapel from the fact that the well known New York banker, August Belmont, gave $100,000 for its erection in memory of his mother. Another, on which work is beginning, will be a memorial to Mary Rhinelander King and is the gift of Mrs. Edward King of New York and Newport. The latter is to be called the Scot's chapel and dedicated in the name of St. Columbia, being the chapel of the British rite.

The Belmont memorial is officially designated the chapel of the oriental rite, dedicated to the Holy Name and is to be called in common use St. Saviour's chapel. It is the easternmost of the seven, and it was therefore considered most appropriate to give it the name and dedication decided upon. With the rise of mariolatry, as the dogmatists call the worship of the Virgin Mary, it became the custom in the middle ages to add a "lady chapel" to the eastern end of all large churches, and so universal did this custom become that a cathedral without such a sanctuary is not now regarded as complete. The title "lady chapel" did not seem appropriate, however, for any portion of a Protestant cathedral built after the Reformation.

The seven chapels, which are to be built as fast as the funds for them are forthcoming, will stand about the choir of the cathedral in a semicircle. Each will be a little church large enough for about a hundred persons, and the group will be separated from the rest of the edifice by a corridor, from which they will be entered. The five remaining structures are to be the Swedes chapel, that of the Scandinavian rite; the Holland chapel, that of the German rite; the Italian chapel, the Huguenot chapel and the chapel of the Mozarable rite, to be called the Spanish chapel.

MONUMENT TO A HORSE.

Massive Granite Figure In Memory of Portland (Me.) Man's Pet Steed.

John H. Carroll, who removed to Gorham, Me., several years ago and built a handsome residence, is the only living member of one of Portland's distinguished families, says the Portland (Me.) Express. In the center of a triangular piece of land opposite Mr. Carroll's house there has recently been erected a monument that has attracted much attention. A massive block of granite twelve feet in length forms the base upon which rests a handsome upper stone, one side of which bears these words: "A loving and faithful friend, Prince." On the other side is the full figure of a horse.

Prince had been owned by his master eighteen years, and the friendship between them was deep and sincere. John Heald of Portland sold Prince to Mr. Carroll when he was six years old, and at first he was so high spirited that he was almost unmanageable, and his new master feared that he would not be able to keep him. Mr. Heald urged him to give the handsome creature a longer trial. Kindness was the key that won the heart of Prince, and Mr. Carroll soon found that by gentle treatment he could do anything with the noble beast. Prince knew his master's footstep, and when he heard him approach the stable he would whinny and stamp with joy.

IT IS WILKES-BARRE NOW.

Name of Pennsylvania City Changed to Please Citizens.

President Roosevelt has ordered that hereafter the name of the city of Wilkesbarre shall be spelled "Wilkes-Barre," with a hyphen and a capital B, says a special dispatch to the New York Herald.

When Mr. Roosevelt was at Wilkesbarre on Aug. 10 Mayor Kirkendall and Bishop Hoban told him residents of the city objected to an arbitrary decision of the postoffice department made some years ago to spell it without a hyphen and with a small B—"Wilkesbarre." He inquired about the city's history, and, learning it had been named after Colonel Wilkes and Colonel Barre, he promised to have the official spelling changed to the original form.

Mayor Kirkendall received a letter from the president recently announcing that he had ordered the postoffice department to make the change.

Alligators as Presents.

Harry Stevens of Sanford, Fla., who has recently been visiting friends at Ashley, near Wilkesbarre, Pa., brought with him from the south twelve novel presents, says the Philadelphia Press. They are twelve small alligators, and he has distributed them to Ashley friends. The alligators are about a foot long, and Sanford caught them in the Florida marshes. They often grow to a length of seventeen or eighteen feet and when small are worth $5 each. While they are all right now when they are small, the friends who have received them are wondering what they will do with them when they grow large.

ORDER IN A FERMENT

Bitter Feeling Against Supreme Council of Arcanum Is Deplored.

NO DECISION YET REACHED

Speaker Depicts Pitiful Plight of Old Arcanum Members Who Are Unable to Pay New Rates—Appeals to Have Them Rescinded.

Put-in-Bay, O., Sept. 2.—The supreme council of the Royal Arcanum held a brief secret session on which nothing was given out. The hearing of the protesting members was then continued. E. B. Leonard of Warren, O., addressed the meeting, deprecating the reflections that had been cast on the supreme council. Since their action concerning rates at Atlantic City, he said, the entire membership of the order was in a ferment as to the present condition of affairs, but despite this he hoped a settlement would be reached without resorting to law. Mr. Leonard indorsed the recommendation made by Edwin Hebden of Baltimore, that option "A" of the new table of rates, with the attained age clause stricken out, be made operative by the supreme council. He represented in a pathetic manner the condition of many of the old men of the order who are unable to meet the assessments under the new rates. He represented Ohio as willing to submit to further assessment if necessary, and to stand loyally by the supreme council if only they could be satisfied that the best interest of the order was being considered.

James F. Lewis of Vincennes, Ind., indorsed the position taken by Mr. Leonard as to option "A" of the new table of rates.

Chairman S. M. Lindsley of New York said in part:

"The supreme council is in a receptive condition and if sufficient conclusive arguments are shown the supreme council is ready to rescind. The supreme council is anxious to make its ultimate decision absolutely correct."

CENSURED THE MAYOR.

Atlanta Council Condemns Him for Exhibition at Toledo.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 2.—The common council of Atlanta has adopted resolutions condemning Mayor Woodward for alleged drunkenness while attending the American Municipal league at Toledo. They are in part as follows:

"Be it resolved, That regret be tendered to the League of American Municipalities on account of the 'spectacle' which the mayor made of himself; that the mayor's attitude toward the city of Chicago, and the 'boorish' manner in which he treated Mayor Dunne are heartily deplored and condemned; that regret for his 'unseemly and unpardonable conduct' be expressed to the city of Toledo; that copies of these resolutions be sent to the president of the Municipal league, to the mayor of Toledo, the mayor of Chicago and to the leading newspapers of the country."

Mayor Woodward appeared before the council and declared that he had been greatly wronged; that he had no apologies to make to Mayor Dunne of Chicago for his attacks on Chicago's mayor in his talk at Toledo. While admitting that he drank a little beer, he declared he was not intoxicated.

AT MOTHER'S GRAVE.

Young Man Commits Suicide in Cemetery at Chicago.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—Kneeling at the side of his mother's grave, in Rosehill cemetery, Harry L. Hoffman, who recently came from St. Louis, shot himself in the temple, dying two hours later at a hospital. The suicide was witnessed by a throng of mourners returning from a funeral. Many rushed to the grave across which Hoffman lay. He died without regaining consciousness. The suicide left three letters and a will.

Two of the letters were sealed and were addressed to Gorge D. Hoffman, a brother, and Fuller McClelland of Sawyer, Mich., the third was addressed to the officers of the cemetery, expressing sorrow for causing them trouble and begging that he be buried beside his parents. The writer said the reason he ended his life in the cemetery was because he believed the inconvnience would fall lighter on the cemetery company than on any one else.

Portland Has Costly Blaze.

Portland, Ore., Sept. 2.—The elevator dock was destroyed and the Albina dock badly damaged by fire, entailing a total loss of $330.000 equally divided between the Pacific Coast Elevator company and the Oregon Railroad and Navigation compa...

To Have a National Flower.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—Joseph Frey, head gardener at Lincoln park, is seeking to give the country a national flower in the form of a chrysanthemum plant which will grow red, white and blue blossoms.

Small Boy's Heroism.

Bellefontaine, O., Sept. 2.—Herbert Craig, a small boy of West Liberty, dived into a mill race and saved Margaret Maxwell, a little companion. She had gone to the bottom, and was revived on y after great effort.

FRIGHTENED BY PLAGUE.

German Authorities Working Hard to Eradicate Cholera.

Berlin, Sept. 2.—Forty-three cases of cholera in all have been reported. Nine persons have died from the disease, and many suspicious cases are under observation. The legal and medical machinery for dealing with this invasion of the Asiatic bacillus is now working at full pressure.

The health machinery is working in cooperation with the police and other public services. With the exception of the one death at Hamburg, the cholera is confined to the West Prussian districts, and in every case of illness in these districts must be immediately reported to the authorities. An experienced physician and bacteriologist at once takes the case under observation and if the symptoms are suspicious the person is promptly isolated.

The state has now detained under medical observation nearly 1,000 persons, including the emigrants at Brunshaven. Cautions and warnings have been distributed, and these have led to spontaneous and intelligent cooperation with the sanitary officers.

Rastenburg, East Prussia, Sept. 2.—A woman named Duddey, who died of cholera here, came from Bochum with her family by way of Berlin. It appears that she drank water at a railroad station on the way here and it is presumed that it was infected.

ESCAPE FROM QUARANTINE.

Two Youngstown, O., Men Attempt to Evade It at Havana.

Havana, Sept. 2.—Walter F. Logue and W. H. Huggins, both of Youngstown, O., escaped from the quarantine station to which they had been sent on arrival from New Orleans. Later they appeared at the American legation and asked for protection against the requirement that they remain in quarantine five days alleging that the food and accommodations were bad. The legation detained the two men and notified the officers, who promptly took them to the Triscornia station.

New York, Sept. 2.—Henry R. Wardell, an American employed by the Panama railroad as a boilermaker, is ill with yellow fever in the quarantine hospital on Swinburne island.

Wardell arrived in New York Thursday as a first cabin passenger on the Panama railroad steamer Havana from Colon. He was one of six passengers taken off the ship because they had elevated temperatures when the quarantine doctors went aboard for the customary inspection.

New Orleans, Sept. 2.—Following is the yellow fever reports to 6 o'clock last night: New cases, 39; total to date, 1,958; deaths last 24 hours, 4; total, 281; new foci, 10.

10 KILLED, 20 INJURED.

Railroad Wreck in England Has Fatal Results.

Witham, Eng., Sept. 2.—As the express from London to Cromer on the Great Eastern railway was entering Witham station this morning several passenger cars left the track and crashed into the station buildings, causing the death of 10 person, six of whom were women, and seriously injuring 20 people.

The gasometers beneath the cars caught fire and consumed the wreckage. Fortunately, however, all the bodies were removed before the flames gained headway. It was the rear cars that left the track, the engine and front cars remaining on the rails. The rear cars mounted the platform of the station, demolishing the buildings and then turned over.

The train was running at full speed, Witham not being a stopping place for the express.

WEDDED IN SALOON.

Akron Couple Married While Standing on Bar in Tavern.

Akron, O., Sept. 2.—Edwin Price and Miss Grace Allen were married while standing on the bar of a saloon on North Howard street. The bride did not object to having the ceremony performed in a saloon, but at first stated that it was impossible for her to climb upon the bar. With the assistance of a beer keg and the strong arm of the groom she succeeded in reaching the top.

A Methodist minister performed the ceremony. The minister refused to stay for the jollification which followed.

JAPANESE RENOUNCE ALLEGIANCE TO MIKADO

Cleveland, Sept. 2.—Disappointed because the Japanese government renounced all indemnity in the peace settlement and did not insist on greater territorial acquisitions from Russia, Sinoshuke Kitani, Cleveland's leading Japanese merchant, has renounced his allegiance to the mikado by taking out his first naturalization papers. Similar action on the part of his fellow countrymen is said to be also contemplated as they believe their country showed great weakness.

Ohio Race Horse Brings $22,000.

Findlay, O., Sept. 2.—Glenwood M., the racing stallion, has been sold at Providence, R. I., to English parties for $22,000. The horse will be shipped to England. He was owned by Mitchell Brothers of Findlay, and made his first appearance this season at Detroit, where he won a $5,000 stake in 2:08¼. The horse was raised in Morrow county, O.

Shah of Persia Visits Czar.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 2.—The shah of Persia has arrived at the frontier and will reach Peterhof this afternoon.

HITCH ENCOUNTERED

Russians Misinterpret Terms of Protocol Relating to Sakhalin Island.

WISH TO FORTIFY THEIR HALF

Armistice Signed by Plenipotentiaries of Both Countries and Forwarded to Commanders in the Field—Communication With Tokio Interrupted.

Portsmouth, N. H., Sept. 2.—The only possible hitch on the horizon of the peace conference, according to reports current here, which, however, are not officially confirmed, arises out of an evident misunderstanding over the question of the neutralization of the island of Sakhalin.

According to the Japanese the understanding reached on Tuesday contemplated a mutual obligation on the part of the two countries not to fortify their respective possessions on the island. At St. Petersburg, however there seems to have been an assumption that the agreement involved freedom of action upon the part of Russia in this respect in the north of Sakhalin, with an obligation on the part of the Japanese not to fortify or use for strategic purposes the portion owned by her before 1876, which is to be retroceded in the present treaty. It is expected on both sides, however, that the hitch, if it really exists as reported, will shortly be straightened out, and it is believed that one of the subjects of last night's conference related to this point.

Treaty Almost Completed.

Portsmouth, N. H., Sept. 2.—As a result of the reports made last night by M. De Martens and Mr. Dennison to their respective chiefs upon their work at the navy yard in the drafting of a treaty of peace, M. Witte and Baron Komura had a brief conference in the former's apartments at 8:30 last night regarding some details of translation and the few points of interpretation upon which the framers had been unable to reach complete accord.

When Baron Komura left Mr. Dennison and Mr. Adachi, he entered the apartments of M. Witte, where they were joined by M. De Martens and Mr. Plancon. This conference lasted for about half an hour, when the Japanese returned to Baron Komura's apartments, leaving M. Witte and his conferees, who remained in conference more than an hour. M. Witte and Baron Komura had no difficulty in coming to an agreement on the disputed points and at today's session the framers of the treaty expect to complete their work. The treaty must then be engrossed in French and English in duplicate, which may take several days. It is stated that 12 articles of the treaty have been completed and agreed upon. It now seems probable that the framers will be able to confine the treaty to 14 articles, instead of 15, as was the original plan.

Armistice Agreement Signed.

A proclamation of armistice to go into effect immediately upon the signature of the treaty was drawn up by the envoys here at the hotel without the formality of a special meeting at the navy yard, and was signed at noon. It was at once cabled to General Linevitch and Marshal Oyama.

London, Sept. 2.—The result of the Portsmouth conference is discussed at great length by the London weekly publications, the consensus of opinion being that expressed by the Outlook, which says:

"In the matter of indemnity, Japan yielded to inexorable conditions; in the matter of Sakhalin, she allowed herself to be outgeneraled."

At the same time the general opinion is that in yielding half of Sakhalin Japan may fairly be credited with excellent political foresight which will not be recognized at once by the mass of the Japanese.

Like the daily newspapers, the reviews, even those which seldom lose an opportunity to express anti American or anti-Roosevelt opinions, give the president unstinted praise for his share in the negotiations. The Speaker, an organ of the Liberal party, says:

Nothing but Praise for Roosevelt.

"Those who, like ourselves, always mistrusted President Roosevelt's policy and blamed him for certain definite acts, yield to none in recognizing the great service he has rendered the world, to the gratitude of which he is entitled. It is to his initiative, untiring energy and refusal to despair of the successful outcome of the conference that peace is largely due."

The Outlook says, "For this achievement President Roosevelt has received the gratitude and admiration of the rulers and peoples of the world in overflowing measure. Such praise has never before been lavished on an American president. Both for himself and his country President Roosevelt has won a position of unique and commanding authority."

KERMIT ROOSEVELT WINS HEARTS OF AGED COUPLE

Burlington, Ia., Sept. 2.—Kermit Roosevelt was the hero of the hour on a Burlington train which passed through here. An old couple boarded the train at Omaha, and not having reserved a berth were unable to secure any but an upper. Young Roosevelt hearing of the annoyance to which they were put, tendered to them immediately his lower berth and took the upper one himself.

PLANNING MORE STRIKES.

Chicago Printers Hope to Spread Fight in Other Cities.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—Spread of the job printers' strike to other cities is a possibility following the arrival of President James Lynch of the International Typographical union today. In a conference here President Lynch will talk over the situation as it applies to Chicago and the whole country with President Wright, John C Harding and other Chicago leaders. After the conference an order may be issued calling out printers in several large cities where the national typothetae has shops.

This action is counseled by some in order to weaken the strength of the Chicago typothetae. It is urged that with strikes going on in other cities the Chicago Typothetae will be unable to get men to come here to take positions.

The typotheta convention will be held at Niagara Falls, N. Y., next weeks. Some of the typographical officers believe they should try to weaken the employers' position by calling the men out before the masters gather at the convention and plan concerted action.

The employers here claim they are getting in first class non-union men rapidly and will be able to run with full shops open. The printers say it will be impossible for the firms to get capable non-union printers, and that the losses in business will be so heavy that the employers will have to come around to the eight-hour day and closed shop policy.

STRIKE IN NEW YORK.

Work on 100 Buildings Stopped and 3.000 Men Idle.

New York, Sept. 2.—Work on nearly 100 buildings in process of construction throughout the borough of Manhattan was stopped by a strike among 3,000 members of the Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers union. The men who struck for higher wages were employed in shops through which contracts have been made to furnish cornices, roofing, furnaces and steam heating apparatus for new buildings.

The strikers demand $4.50 a day and have refused a compromise offer of the employers to give them $4.25. When they stopped working they were receiving only $4 a day. Their grievances arose from an alleged violation of contract on the part of the employers' association by which the men were to say that the extra wage was not to be given until after the first of next year.

NATIONAL AND AMERICAN GAMES

Standing and Scores of the Major League Teams.

National League Standing.

Club	W.	L.	Pct	Club	W	L	Pct
New York..	84	34	.712	Cincinnati...	61	58	.515
Pittsburg....	80	43	.651	St. Louis	46	77	.374
Chicago.......	71	50	.587	Boston.........	40	84	.325
Phila...........	63	56	.529	Brooklyn ...	37	81	.311

National Friday—New York 4, Philadelphia 1; Pittsburg 6, St. Louis 0; Chicago 3, Cincinnati 0; Boston 4, Brooklyn 2.

American League Standing.

Club	W	L.	Pct	Club	W	L	Pct
Phila	69	44	.611	Boston.........	56	54	.509
Chicago ...	66	45	.595	Detroit......	54	60	[illegible]
Cleveland....	61	54	[illegible]	Washington	47	65	.420
New York..	55	53	.509	St Louis ...	41	72	[illegible]

American Friday—Chicago 6, Cleveland 1; others not scheduled.

The Undesirable Simple Life.

Cheese and a cottage complicate life if your digestion is weak and your desire urban. So poverty is a less simple state than the possession of an income, because you are forced, if not into envy, the chief deficiency from simplicity, into struggle with unessential details, with the effort to get hold of something which is of no matter.—London Outlook.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—Wet weather in the northwest caused a firm wheat market today. At the close, wheat for December delivery was up ⅛@¼. Corn shows a gain of ¼. Oats are practically unchanged. Final quotations: Wheat, Dec., 81⅜@81½; corn, Dec., 43½; oats, Dec., 26⅛@26⅝.

PITTSBURG MARKETS—SEPT. 1.

Corn—Yellow shelled, 61½@62; high mixed, 60½@61; yellow ear, 67½@68½.

Oats—No. 2 white, 29½@30; No. 3, 28¾@29¼.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $12.75@13; No. 2, $11.50@12; No 1 clover, $10.50@11; No. 1 mixed, $10.50@11.

Eggs—Selected, 21@22.

Butter—Prints, 23½@24; tubs, 23@23½; dairy, 14½@15½.

Cheese—New York full cream, new, 10¾@11; Ohio cream, 10½@11; limberger, new, 12½@13.

Cattle—Prime to fancy, fat, smooth steers, $5.60@6; green, coarse and rough, fat steers, $3.35@3.90; fat, smooth, dry fed, light steers, $3.90@4.50; choice milch cows, $30@45; medium to good milch cows, $15@25; good, fat, smooth, handy butchers' bulls, $3.25@3.75; feeding steers, good style, weight and extra quality, $3.65@4.15; feed steers, common to good quality, $3.10@3.65; fair to choice stockers, $2.85@3.40.

Calves—Veals, good to choice, $7.50@8; veals, fair to good, $5.50@7; heavy and thin calves, $3@5.

Hogs—Good to prime heavy, $6.40 6.47½; medium weights, $6.50@6.55; best heavy yorkers, $6.50@6.55; good light yorkers, $6.30@6.45; pigs, good to prime, $5.90@6.15.

Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, $5.50@5.75; good to choice mixed, $5@5.25; fair to good mixed, $4.25@4.75; culls and common, $3@4; spring lambs, $4.50@7.75.

AFTER THE PACKERS

Attorney General Plans to Push Cases Against the Beef Monopoly.

HOLDS CONFERENCE IN CHICAGO

As Personal Representative of President Roosevelt Secretary Moody Directs the Operations of Government Attorneys Against Opponents.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—Definite plans for the prosecution of the big packers under the indictments returned against them in July were made at a conference between Attorney General Moody, Assistant Attorney General Pagin and District Attorney Morrison. The meeting with the attorney general, who is looked upon as the personal representative of President Roosevelt was held behind closed doors. The activity of stenographers and attaches of the federal prosecutor's office was [illegible]. Mr. Moody said:

"I am in Chicago on the question of the packers. There is no use maintaining any secrecy about it. Since the case first came up I have, of course, kept as closely in touch as possible through correspondence with Mr. Morrison and Mr. Pagin. There were, of course, some points that could be better discussed in a personal interview. That is why I am here. I will not under any circumstance discuss the merits of the case at the present time. To do so would be foolhardy and would exhibit poor judgment. Mr Morrison will have plenty of talking to do when the case is on trial."

According to the present plans of the federal prosecutors the case against the packers will be put on call in the October term of court. It is expected that the first task of Mr. Morrison will be to fight motions to quash all the indictments.

DUN'S REVIEW OF TRADE.

Summary of Business Conditions Throughout the Country.

New York, Sept. 2.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade today says:

Peace and prosperity succinctly express the results of an eventful week. International mercantile markets responded to the cessation of hostilities, and a period of commercial development may be expected to follow the return of confidence. The capital that had been diverted into bellicose channels will be used for construction instead of destruction, and the United States will secure a stronger hold on the markets of the orient. Domestic reports were scarcely less encouraging. Leading branches of manufacture are increasing productive capacity, especially in departments pertaining to railway equipment; textile mills have little idle machinery; footwear factories are running freely, while in structural work there is no evidence of lessened activity. Visiting buyers still throng the great jobbing centers and place orders for distant delivery that testify to faith in a vigorous demand from consumers. Liabilities of failures in August were $4,350,000 less than last year, and the latest crop news indorses earlier estimates of record breaking cereal production, most of the harvesting and threshing being completed, but cotton returns are less satisfactory. Iron and steel production increases in response to the broadening demand, extensive plans for enlarged facilities being contemplated, and in structural shapes pressure for prompt shipment.

ENGINEERS IN SESSION.

Notable Men to Pass Upon Isthmian Canal Plans.

Washington, Sept. 2.—A notable board of distinguished engineers has assembled in Washington upon the request of President Roosevelt to determine the relative feasibility of a sea level or lock canal in the division of the American continent at the isthmus of Panama. Constituting the consulting board of engineers for the canal plan, these men gathered from both America and Europe, were picked from among those foremost in their profession. The first of the meetings at which they will grapple with the great problem began in a small room at the office building of the isthmian canal commission. The proceedings were opened by the reading of the letter of the president calling them together, and a letter from Chairman Shonts of the commission, which gives in detail the purposes for which the engineers are convened.

5,000 Glassworkers at Work.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 2.—The announcement was made at the headquarters of the Amalgamated Window Glass workers here that 5,000 men will go to work today. This means that 21 factories representing 624 pots, will start operating. A large number of concerns have signed the wage scale. No settlement between this organization and local assembly No 300, Knights of Labor, has been effected, and President A. L. Faulkner of the former stated that no adjustment is in sight.

Wilson Takes Charge.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Jesse E. Wilson of Indiana, the new assistant secretary of the interior, assumed the duties of his office.

Often The Kidneys Are Weakened by Over-Work.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

It used to be considered that only urinary and bladder troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all diseases have their beginning in the disorder of these most important organs.

The kidneys filter and purify the blood—that is their work.

Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected and how every organ seems to fail to do its duty.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the great kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases, and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also a pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y. on every bottle.

Home of Swamp-Root.

GEO. ADE, LOFTY TUMBLER.

He Gets Lost in the Mazes of the Empire Theater.

New York, Sept. 2.—A tall, clean shaven young man strolled into the Empire theater building yesterday afternoon and asked the attendant at the door to direct him to the offices of William Seymour, the theatrical manager.

"Right up those stairs," said the attendant.

Now, the offices in the Empire theater building are perhaps the most mysterious maze of cubbyholes in the city. They are twisted around on all sides of the theater proper; they are stuck into crevices and perplexingly intricate passageways and then again they are rushed out over the roofs of low stores on all sides.

The tall, clean shaven young man wandered up one flight and then faced a stairway leading down again. He took this route, and, fetching up at another flight of steps leading upward, he began to climb. After he had puffed and climbed a while he came face to face with a blank door. He pushed it open and found himself on a roof overlooking Fortieth street. He cautiously picked his way over the roof and made toward Broadway.

Then, finding another door, he stepped in and descended another flight of narrow stairs. At the bottom there was a very small landing that led to another dark passageway. The young man didn't see this, and, turning short, fell down into inky nothingness. With a bang he landed against something hard, and it gave way. It proved to be a door leading into the rathskeller of Mr. Kid McCoy's saloon.

The young man's abrupt entrance was even more startling than those that the McCoy employes are accustomed to. The sudden intruder was yanked by the collar and hurled up another flight of steps and with a dull thud he was flung out on the sidewalk in Fortieth street.

As the human missile lay gasping on the sidewalk a cab drove up and out stepped Wells Hawkes, representative of Charles Frohman. "Hey, Wells!" howled the prostrate man from the sidewalk.

"For God's sake, George, what's happened to you?"

"Don't ask me any questions," growled George Ade, "but if you see Bill Seymour tell him to hurry out to my prairie farm in Indiana. I want to talk to him."

Mr. Ade was able to be about last night, but he didn't go near the Empire theater building.

The annual fall term at "The Massillon Actual Business College" opens Tuesday and Wednesday, September 5 and 6. Convincing literature on the importance and necessity of business training given free on demand. Massillon 'phone No. 119. Office open day and evening.

Dr. KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

Pleasant to take,
Powerful to Cure,
And Welcome in every Home.

KIDNEY and LIVER cure.

Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is adapted to all ages and both sexes, affording permanent relief in all cases caused by impurity of the blood, such as, Kidney, Bladder and Liver Complaints, Constipation, and weaknesses peculiar to women. Successful for 30 years. Prepared by DR. D. KENNEDY'S SON'S, Rondout, N. Y. $1 (all druggists) Six bottles $5.00.

Do You intend to buy a Cream Separator? If so, do not fail to try a De-Laval? Will stand test trial against any other Separator made.

P. J. Hofstatter,

Farmers' Phone 5 on 8, Walton, O.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS

Uncovered the Weekly Independent Investigators.

Ray Brenner, of West Brookfield, is seriously ill with typhoid fever.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank R. Webb left for New York Friday, where Dr. Webb may decide to locate permanently.

Mrs. E. D. Stewart, of Pittsburg, is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. A. Per Lee Pease at their residence in Cherry street.

Mrs. Abe Griffith and daughter Phyllis have returned home after spending the past week in Cleveland and Akron.

Mrs. Harry Wilson and son Fred, of Akron, are visiting for a few days at the home of Mrs. Margaret Wise, in Henry street.

Dr. J. F. Bailey, of Eau Claire, Wis., is visiting his mother, Mrs. Mattison, and sister, Mrs. Charles, at 22 West Charles street.

Charles D. Reese left for Cleveland Saturday, where he will be joined by George Faze, of Elyria. They will take a trip up the lakes.

Mr. and Mrs. William Davis, of Delroy, and Mrs. A. A. Harsh, of Tekonsha, Mich., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Strobel, in East Tremont street.

The Misses Amelia Bladerer and Ellen Dunn left Saturday for Salem. Before returning they will visit Buffalo, Niagara Falls, New York and Philadelphia.

Evan Williams, formerly of this city but who has of late been located in London, England, is visiting friends in Massillon. Mr. Williams is known here as a singer of international fame.

Henry Angerman, a city mail carrier, will leave Monday for places in Indiana, where he will spend his fifteen days' annual vacation. Jesse Sohner, substitute carrier, will take Mr. Angerman's place.

The three-year-old son of Samuel Gaylord, of Cuyahoga Falls, was scalded to death on Friday. The child was seated near the stove when it fell from the chair and in falling caught hold of a kettle of boiling water to save himself.

A surprise party was given Friday afternoon in honor of little Jessie Howenstine, aged 3 years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Howenstine, at the latter's residence in North Hill street. Refreshments were served at 3:30. The out of town guests were Martin and Catherine Gotshal, of Canton.

At the nineteenth annual reunion of Lincoln's first call troops, held in Akron Thursday, Massillon was chosen as the place of holding the next reunion. J. W. McClymonds was chosen president and T. Harvey Seaman secretary. The date will be determined upon by the executive committee. A number of veterans from Massillon attended the reunion.

On Monday afternoon Jesse Carpenter and Annie McCoy, of Akron, were married. Friday the bridegroom was sent to the workhouse for chasing the bride with a huge knife and threatening to take her life. Carpenter's story, when he was arraigned in police court, was that he came home from his work and found his bride "making goo-goo eyes" through the window at another man.

At a meeting of the First M. E. Sunday school board Friday the following officers were elected: Superintendent, William Johns; first assistant, C. M. Bartruff; secretary, M. B. Schultz; assistant, Ovid Kent; treasurer, E. A. Hecket; librarian, James J. Hoover. Missionary officers: President, Mrs. A. R. Chapman; vice president, Mrs. M. A. Hall; secretary, Mrs. Laura Jones; treasurer, E. A. Heckert.

Miss Kathryn Moser and Percy L. Kester were married at 7 o'clock Wednesday evening at the First Reformed church parsonage by the Rev. O. P. Foust. Miss Golden B. Wilkin and Frank Kester accompanied the bride and groom. A reception and supper followed the ceremony at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Moser, in Waechter street. Mr. and Mrs. Kester will go to housekeeping in a furnished home in Rose street.

Mrs. Laura Humberger has issued invitations for the wedding of her daughter, Miss Isabelle Humberger, to Mr. Charles Edmond McLain, which is to occur at the Humberger residence in East Main street Thursday evening, September 14. Miss Humberger's father was the late William B. Humberger. Mr. McLain is the son of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. McLain, of this city. He is assistant foreman at the plant of the Massillon Iron and Steel Company.

Flossie Fisher, the eight-year-old daughter of Frank Fisher, narrowly escaped being struck by a meteor early Wednesday at Bucyrus. She was in the yard at her home playing with a dog. She heard a peculiar whistle and sprang up, looking up in the sky. She noticed a missile coming toward the ground with a trail back of it. The dog also jumped, but the meteor struck the animal a glancing blow, knocking it senseless. The meteor struck the ground where the little girl had been at play and was picked up and taken into the house. It was still warm when taken into the house. The stone is as large as half a brick.

Weak, Nervous, Worn Out Women

Bloodless, Irritable, Despondent Women Subject to All Sorts and Varieties of Nervous Troubles. Find a Positive Cure in

DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE PILLS

The world is full of women whose daily life is one long struggle against diseases peculiar to their sex—whose days and nights are full of quiet, patient suffering. The head the seat of pain, great [illegible] the result of nerve depression and physical weakness brought on by uterine or ovarian trouble. The nerves on edge inclined to laugh or cry at anything—an ever present dragging in the back, hips and limbs—a feeling of utter weariness—lassitude and despondency. To these people Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are of incomparable value, having as they do the power to rebuild, to reinvigorate and resupply every organ, every nerve, every muscle with the lost energy and to insure a complete return to health, strength and vigor again.

Mas. John Bailey, of Jackson St., Penn Yan, N. Y., says:

"I was told that Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills were a great nerve medicine, and as I needed one badly, I got a box. My nerves were very weak. I lacked ambition and strength and my heart action was very weak. I used the Pills as directed and they made my nerves quiet and steady, the heart action strong and regular and the appetite good, my sleep became restful and I feel altogether like another person. I think as a remedy in female complaints as well, they are grand, curing the headaches and heavy, dragging feeling rapidly and easily—this I know from experience, and I am glad to recommend them." 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., on every package. For sale by E. S. Craig, Druggist, Massillon, O.

APPOINTMENTS ARE FULFILLED

The Rev. Francis B. Doherty is in the City.

ST. JOSEPH'S NEW PASTOR.

The Rev. M. Vollmayer Has Taken Up His Duties in St. Mary's Parish—The Rev. John J. Lillis is to Remain Here.

The Rev. Francis B. Doherty, pastor of St. Joseph's Catholic church, arrived in the city Friday evening from Defiance and will conduct all services in the church, beginning Sunday morning. The Rev. Father Vollmayer, who has been appointed pastor of St. Mary's church, gave his work at St. Joseph's church over to Father Doherty Saturday morning and will begin his duties at St. Marys church Sunday morning.

The taking up of their duties by the appointed pastors marks an end of unsettled conditions in the Catholic churches in the city which has existed to a greater or less degree since the death of the late Rev. H. V. Kaempker last March. The late Rev. Aloysius Huthmacher, who succeeded Father Kaempker, officiated in the pulpit but one Sunday, being taken fatally ill in the afternoon of the same day.

Father Doherty is a man full of experience and comes to St. Joseph's parish with the knowledge of having been eminently successful in other places. He said Saturday that he was fortunate in coming at the pleasantest time of the year. He will endeavor to carry on all church work as laid out by those working with him.

A MASSILLON CASE.

Massillon People Cannot Fail to Profit by this Example.

Massillon people, especially those who suffer from urinary disorders and other ailments due to Kidney disease, cannot fail to profit by the experience related below by a well known Massillon man. It points out a way to find sure and permanent relief from a too common trouble. Do not neglect your kidneys longer. Backache and urinary troubles are followed by diabetes, dropsy and Bright's disease. Here's a case that lasted six years.

E. Keller, teamster, of 122 Wooster street, says: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills and consider them a reliable kidney remedy. Like many who follow my occupation I suffered from a very lame back and a dull pain across the loins. The kidney secretions were not normal and I was weighed down at times with languor. My wife had found Doan's Kidney Pills so satisfactory in her case that I decided to try them. I procured a box at Baltzly's drug store and they promptly relieved me. I can stoop and lift without sharp shooting pains through me. I consider Doan's Kidney Pills a reliable remedy. I know of others who have used them with good results."

Sold for 50 cents a box by all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

VACATIONS MAKE CRIMINALS.

So Says Dr J. F. Chvatal, of Chicago.

Chicago, Sept. 2. "Summer vacations are all right in the country or in the suburbs, but in the congested districts of the city they are opportunities for the development of young criminals."

This is the meat in a resolution presented to the board of education last night by Dr. J. F. Chvatal, a member of the board. He presented a resolution abolishing the summer vacations, and the matter was referred, with a strong possibility that it may be adopted. Fully one-third of the schools of Chicago are in the congested districts.

"Idleness is not the best thing in the world for the child," said Dr. Chvatal today. "This is particularly true of the children of a large city, unless they are brought up under circumstances that give them an opportunity for more development. 'All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy' is a good old adage, but it is too one-sided. There should be a balance. It is true that many of the children work during the summer vacation—many of them contrary to law—but there is a large percentage that spends its time in idleness and aimless pseudo enjoyment that is productive of degeneracy. I refer more directly to the congested districts."

NEARBY TOWNS.

DALTON.

Dalton, Sept. 1.—The burial of Genevieve, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Adam E. Schultz, of Akron, took place here Thursday afternoon. The child died Wednesday morning at the home of her uncle, William Llewellen, in West Brookfield.

The Conold reunion was held Wednesday at Mrs. Rose Flynn's residence. A good time was had by all present and all the good things were gotten away with, without serious results.

David Edwards had his house painted recently.

Mrs. William Feasel fell down the cellarway Tuesday night and was severely injured. She is improving gradually.

Royal Totten, of Canton, and Miss Alice Heibner, of this place, were married recently at the M. E. parsonage by the Rev. J. T. Hoak.

TRAFFIC INTERRUPTED.

Strike of Canton Firemen Made Many Inconveniences.

Between 7 and 11:10 o'clock Friday evening not a car moved in or around Massillon. The street car service was effectually blocked by the strike of the firemen at the Canton power house. Cars were strung along the city lines for nearly five hours and people who were on their way to or from Massillon were stopped in various sections of the surrounding country and held there until the power was again turned on. The Massillon-Meyer's lake car was stopped half way between Massillon and Canton. The Massillon-Canton car was slightly nearer Canton, while the Navarre car was stopped near Navarre.

At 11 o'clock liverymen of this city received numerous calls from farm houses along the line of the interurban railways asking for rigs. Many of them were started but before they reached their destination the power was again turned on and the cars began running. Cars continued running in this city until 2 o'clock Saturday morning. A large number of passengers who were waiting at the Massillon station were finally forced to scatter to the various hotels in the city where they spent the night.

Cars were again stranded between noon and 3 o'clock Saturday.

Building for Sale.

The Board of Education will receive bids until September 22, 1905, for the old Fay street school building and foundations. W. P. Fox, clerk.

THE EYE IN READING.

How Its Jumps Along the Printed Line Are Measured.

We know that an eye at ordinary reading distance takes in about one inch of a line at a time and that in reading a line of an ordinary book the eye makes five or six distinct jumps. But as the movements are so very minute and rapid how have they been studied?

A beam of light is thrown upon the cornea of the eye, and this beam is reflected by the cornea on a photographic plate. As the eye moves in reading the reflected beam also moves, and upon developing the plate, which is also kept moving, a zigzag line is found. A study of such photographic tracings shows that the eyes in turning back to pick up the next line have some difficulty in so doing. The longer the line of print the greater the effort, and for this reason we may conclude that a narrow line is better for an eye than a long one, and if the line be much wider than the ordinary newspaper column there is greater effort involved.—Jewelers' Weekly.

Australian Nicknames.

The Australian papers protest that the term "Cornstalks" is not proper as a nickname for the inhabitants of the big isle of the south seas. English papers have been in the habit of calling the Australian cricket team its "Cornstalks." Of the Australian states New South Wales alone confers the title "Cornstalk" upon her sons. A Queenslander is a "Bananalander," a Victorian a "Gum Sucker," a South Australian a "Crow Eater," a West Australian a "Sand Groper."

Thoreau's Deathbed.

When the forest haunting hermit Thoreau lay on his deathbed, a Calvinistic friend called to make inquiry regarding his soul. "Henry," he said earnestly, "have you made your peace with God?" "Why," replied the dying naturalist with a whimsical smile, "I didn't know that God and I [illegible] quarreled."

[illegible]

Were a man's sorrows and disquietudes summed up at the end of his life it would generally be found that he had suffered more from the apprehension of such evils as never happened to him than from those evils which had really befallen him.

At the Club.

"Carry any life insurance?"

"Yes, $10,000 in favor of my wife."

"Should think you'd be ashamed to look her in the face."

"Wha-what for?"

"For living. What excuse do you give her?"

Knows the Notes.

"I hear the cashier of your bank is very musical."

"Try working off a false note on him, and you'll think so."—Judge.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, Sept. 4, 1905.

LADIES.

Bruch, Mrs. Laura
Clark, Mrs. Frank
Hough, Miss Ida
Mansell, Mrs.
Anderson, Mrs. Mary
Hawk, Miss Mary
Maiers, Grace
Miller, Miss Lizzie
Tuley, Miss Viola

MEN.

Allen, James
Fugett, J. W.
Eddy, Edward
McAllister, D.
Clark, George
Guylander, W.
Long, R. v. M
Reeves, A.
Schrodel John

FOREIGN.

Matyko Majk

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

Louis A. Koons, P. M.

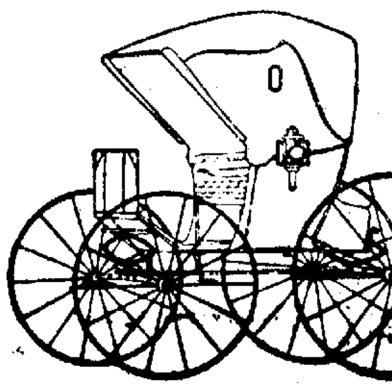
Just Received!

A New Lot of Tablets

In all grades, some of them with new style paper with envelopes to match—would be pleased to have you call and see them.

BAHNEY'S, - 20 E. Main St.

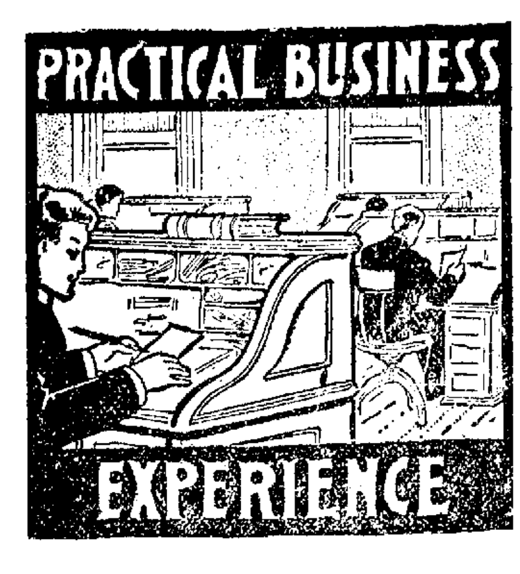
Big Clearance Sale of Buggies and Driving Harness



To avoid having an auction sale late in the season, I will give you a chance right in the middle of the season to buy cheap. My goods are marked in plain figures and you can have 10 per cent. off for cash on every Buggy or Driving Harness on my floor. You have 60 jobs to select from. Come early and get first choice.

J. B. Schrader

41 N. Erie St., Massillon, O.



Get a Business Education at the

Massillon Actual Business College.

Annual Fall Term Opens This Week.

Like many other parents possibly YOU have a son or daughter in whom you are deeply interested and want to see prepared educationally to take advantage of opportunities and make the most of life. If so, we are prepared to advise you what to do. Tell us your son's or daughter's ambition and YOUR hopes and desires, and your means and we will advise you conscientiously. Hundreds of fathers and mothers and guardians have taken our advice in years past, and today see the wisdom of it. Our advice may be to have the son or daughter attend High School; it may be to spend another year on Eighth Grade studies and again it may be to take up a course of Business Training at the beginning of our Fall Term. We cannot tell until we know the circumstances.

Ring Massillon 'phone 119. Office open day and evening.

H. G. Yocum, Gen. Mgr.

Massillon's Popular Store.

A. J. Humberger Sons Co.

Dry Goods, Coats, Carpets, Wall Paper and Grilles.

Fall and Winter, 1905-6.

Our Fall and Winter purchases for the various stocks of the Big Store contain the Smartest Styles, Best Values and Makes, in Standard Brands in Choicest Assortments, and will be at your disposal at very tempting and snappy prices. Come in and inspect our goods, it is the surest way to be convinced. You are welcome, whether you buy or not, to look the stock of fine merchandise over carefully.

New Fall Styles Tennis Flannels, Waistings and Flannelettes.

See Our Line of Cotton Blankets and Silkoline Comforts. We Will Save You Money in This Line.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS.

Articles lost and found, house to let or desired help wanted, situations wanted, real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this head than by any other means. Copy must be left not later than 10 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Three publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents.

FOR RENT.

BUSINESS ROOMS—One room 40x22 feet; one front office room 13x15; one office 24x18, and one 20x19 on second floor; all with heat; in new Independent building. Inquire at Independent office.

HOUSE—Seven room house, 19 Bank St., with bath, city and cistern water. Henry Lantz.

HOUSE—Six room house on Independence St. Inquire at 191 S. South St.

HOUSE—Five room house. Inquire at 32 N. Mill St.

HOUSE—Six room house on Woodland Ave.; house has large hall, up and down stairs with open stairway; gas for lighting and heating, also city water in house and yard; there is also a good garden in lot that will furnish vegetables for balance of season. For terms see Wm. H. Burd, at Humberger's.

PART of store room. Inquire 21 W. Main St.

ROOMS—Suite of furnished rooms at 87 E. Tremont St.

ROOMS—Two furnished rooms on first floor suitable for light housekeeping. Call at 158 W. Tremont St.

ROOMS—Three rooms, corner Tremont and Canal Sts.; $10 a month. S. Burd.

SIX roomed house with bath complete, located at the corner of Mill and Chestnut streets. Inquire at No. 9 Chestnut street.

ONE OFFICE ROOM on second floor in new Schworm block. Inquire C. Frank Schworm grocery.

WANTED.

A MIDDLE-AGED woman for general housework in the country; must be a good cook and an experienced worker. Address P. O. Box 98, Massillon, O.

AGENTS—Active agents for Russian Japanese War Book; good salary, sample free. Address Globe Co., 723 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

GIRL—An experienced girl for general housework in a family of two. Apply at 210 N. Mill street.

GIRL for dining room and general work at Navarre House, Navarre, O.

I WANT 1,000 dwt. of old solid gold jewelry. Will exchange new up to the times goods for same. C. C. Miller, jeweler and optician, No. 5 W. Main St.

LADIES—Three ladies of fair education, neat appearance and energy to demonstrate; salary $3 per day and Com.; travelers $15 per week and expenses. Address with stamp W. L. Bradshaw, Massillon, O.

MAN—A man of ability to take charge of our Massillon office. Address Commercial Blanker Co., 31-33 West 9th St., New York.

MAN—Trustworthy man to manage branch office and distributing depot for large manufacturer. Salary to start with, $1,500 first year and extra commissions and expenses. Applicant must have good reference and $1,000 cash capital secured. Experience unnecessary. Address "Manufacturer," 21 West Atwater St., Detroit, Mich.

SMALL residence with 2½ to 10 acres of land adjoining and good water near electric line. Address Frank C. Young, 36 W. Tremont street.

WOMEN to do scrubbing after business hours at The Bee Hive.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ED SPOHLER, contractor and builder. Plans and specifications made; estimates furnished; repair work done. 285 Oak street, city.

VAULTS AND CESSPOOLS cleaned and constructed; special attention given to all orders; also general teaming. Charles Swarms, 34 Warwick St. Ind. phone 426.

FOUND.

HORSE—A stray horse with harness. Owner can have same by paying costs by calling at Anthony Kegler's farm, East City.

FOR SALE.

ABSTRACTS OF TITLE promptly and accurately made at reasonable prices. The Trump Abstract Company, Eagle Block, Canton, O.

BED—Mantel folding bed with cotton mattress, one bedroom set and three newly upholstered couches. E. S. Arters, 5 Canal street.

FIVE room house on Duncan street, with gas for light and heat; city and cistern water, lots of fruit on place for $1300. This would be cheap at $1500. See S. Burd.

HORSE, buggy and harness; price $60. Inquire Wm. Wagner, N. Erie St.

HORSE—At Canton fair ground, 1 large, fine, stylish young, sound city broke family horse; also 1 large, fine, 2 year old colt; very speedy, well broken in harness. Call on W. Marvin.

HOUSE—Modern 8 room house with lot 51x 101, bath, hot and cold water, sewer, gas, etc., desirable location; reasonable if sold soon. Inquire of Wm. Buch, at premises 37 Duncan street.

HOUSES—A fine 6-room house on Front St. with gas and city water for $2,000. Also a nice 4 room house on W. Tremont St., with gas for light and heat, and city water, for $900. See S. Burd.

HOUSE and lot on Third St.; house has five rooms, with gas, city and cistern water, attic and good cellar; nice level lot, 60x180 ft., with all kinds of fruit; would make a good home for some street car employe; price $2,000. Also an 8 room house on Akron St., renting for $12 per month, will sell for $1,200. F. L. Boerngen, at Humberger's dry goods store.

NEW eight room house, with bath, hard and soft water, first story brick, second story cedar shingles No. 23 Front St., $4300; Ten-room house with furnace and bath, on East South St., $2800.

These prices for one week only.

Inquire of Chas. G. King, 29 S. Erie St.

ONE acre of land with a substantially built 6-room house, cistern water in kitchen; also has many varieties of fruit trees and a short distance from street car lines, will go at a reasonable price if sold soon. Henry Lantz.

ONE 6 foot show case, one 17 foot counter, peanut warmer, one penny machine, also tobacco cutter; will sell cheap at once. Hansen's Cigar Store.

SHOW CASES—Four floor show cases, three 6-foot cases and one one 4 foot case with plate glass shelves at Bert Hankins, N. Mill street.

THIRTY-TWO feet of show cases and 36 ft of cherry counter for sale cheap. Inquire Massillon Drug Co.

TICKETS—Ocean Steamship Tickets—NORTH GERMAN LLOYD, New York Baltimore, Mediterranean and World Service. HAMBURG AMERICAN LINE, All services. FABRE LINE, Naples and Marseilles. AUSTRO AMERICANA & PRINCE LINES Naples and Trieste. Money forwarded anywhere. Warren E. Russell, 2 E. Tremont St.

WAGON—Delivery wagon, enclosed, will sell at a bargain. Inquire at 220 Duncan St.

For Sale or Rent.

HOUSES—Several dwelling houses; possession given about Sept. 1. See The Johns Realty Co., 2d floor Harsh Blk., corner Main and Erie Sts.

LOST.

JACKET—Between Massillon and Crystal Springs tabernacle. Finder will receive a reward by returning it to The Independent office.

MONEY—$10.00 bill in one of the stores or vicinity of the west business center, on the 25th. Finder please return to E. L. Herrien's grocery and receive reward.

PIN—A crescent shaped A. S. D. class pin, with E. F. Diefenbacher engraved on the back. Finder kindly return to this office.

Drop a quarter in "The Independent" Want Columns and get what you want.